

# Current/Voltage Sensors

## **Description**

BST2-IOV2MA are close loop Hall effect current/voltage sensors that accurately measure DC and AC currents/voltages and provide electrical isolation between the current/voltage carrying conductor and the output of the sensor.

#### **Features**

- ◆ Fast Response
- ◆ Small Size, Low Cost
- ◆ High Overload Capacity
- ◆ Moisture proof, Shockproof
- ◆ Low Power of Measuring Resistance
- Measures DC, AC and pulsed currents/voltages

### **Advantages**

- ♦ Very good linearity
- ♦ Excellent accuracy
- ◆ Low temperature drift
- ◆ Optimized response time
- ◆ No insertion losses
- High immunity against external interference
- ◆ Excellent performance and price



## **Industrial applications**

- ◆ Variable speed drivers for motors
- ◆ Welding Equipment
- ◆ Power supply Equipment
- Measure and control system
- Over current protection
- ◆ Protection of power semiconductors

| TYPES OF PRODUCTS |  |   |                                    |  |  |
|-------------------|--|---|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Туре              | Primary nominal current r. m. s I <sub>PN</sub> (mA) | Primary current<br>measuring range I <sub>P</sub><br>(mA) | Measuring resistance $R_M(\Omega)$ |  |  |
| BST2-5IOV2MA      | 5  | 5   | 0~420                              |  |  |
|                   |  | 7.5   | 50~220                             |  |  |
| BST2-10IOV2MA     | 10   | 10  | 0~420                              |  |  |
|                   |  | 15  | 50~220                             |  |  |

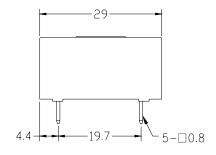
Current/Voltage Sensors

## **Parameters Table**

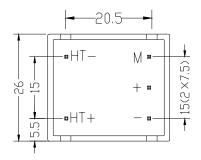
| PARAMETERS                            | SYMBOL                                | UNIT   | VALUE                  | CONDITIONS                       |  |  |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Electrical data                       |                                       |  |                        |                                  |  |  |
| Supply voltage(±5%)                   | V <sub>C</sub>                        | V  | ±15                    |                                  |  |  |
| Normal current                        | $I_{PN}$                              | mA   | ±5<br>±10              | BST2-5IOV2MA<br>BST2-10IOV2MA    |  |  |
| Second normal R.M.S current           | $I_S$                                 | mA   | ±25                    |                                  |  |  |
| Voltage input limit                   | U <sub>N</sub>                        | V  | 1100                   | 1100Vrms or DC MAX               |  |  |
| Current consumption                   | $I_{\mathrm{C}}$                      | mA   | 10mA+ I <sub>s</sub>   |                                  |  |  |
| Measure resistance                    | R <sub>m</sub>                        | Ω  | Refer to table1        | BST2-5IOV2MA<br>BST2-10IOV2MA    |  |  |
| Conversion ratio                      | K <sub>N</sub>                        |  | 5000:1000<br>2500:1000 | BST2-5IOV2MA<br>BST2-10IOV2MA    |  |  |
| R. m. s voltage for AC isolation test | V <sub>d</sub>                        | KV   | 5                      | @50Hz, 1 min                     |  |  |
| Accuracy - Dynamic performance data   |                                       |  |                        |                                  |  |  |
| Linearity                             | $\epsilon_{ m L}$                     | %  | <±0.2                  |                                  |  |  |
| Accuracy                              | $X_{G}$                               | %  | <±0.8                  | @ $I_{PN}$ , $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ |  |  |
| Offset current                        | $I_{O}$                               | mA   | <±0.15                 | @ $I_P = 0, T_A = 25^{\circ}C$   |  |  |
| Thermal drift of Io                   | I <sub>OT</sub>                       | mA   | <±0.25                 | @ $I_P = 0$ , 0°C~+85°C          |  |  |
| Primary internal input resistance     | $R_{SI}$                              | Ω  | 630<br>273             | BST2-5IOV2MA<br>BST2-10IOV2MA    |  |  |
| Response time                         | t <sub>r</sub>                        | μS   | <30                    | DS12-1010 V 21VIA                |  |  |
| General data                          |                                       |  |                        |                                  |  |  |
| Ambient operating temperature         | T <sub>A</sub>                        | $^{\circ}$   | -40 ~ +85              |                                  |  |  |
| Ambient storage temperature           | $T_{S}$                               | $^{\circ}\!$ | -40 ~ +125             |                                  |  |  |
| Secondary coil resistance             | $R_{SO}$                              | Ω  | 52                     | @ T <sub>A</sub> =25°C           |  |  |
| Package                               | Flame retardant plastic case, UL94-V0 |  |                        |                                  |  |  |

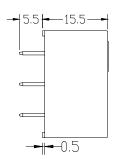
Current/Voltage Sensors

### **Dimensions BST2-IOV2MA** (in mm. 1 mm = 0.0394 inch)







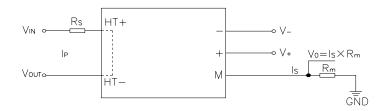


### **Connection schematic**

 $I_P$  is primary current(input)

I<sub>S</sub> is second current(output)

R<sub>M</sub> is measure resistance



$$I_P = (V_{IN}-V_{OUT})/(R_S+630)$$
 BST2-5IOV2MA

$$I_P = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})/(R_S + 273)$$
 BST2-10IOV2MA

BST2-IOV2MA

#### Current/Voltage Sensors

### **Instructions of use**

- 1. When the test current passes through the sensors you can get the size of the output current. (Warning: wrong connection may lead to sensors damage)
- 2. Based on user needs, the sensors output range can be appropriately regulated.
- 3. According to user needs, different rated input currents and output currents of the sensors can be customized.

#### RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE

- The information contained herein is subject to change without notice.
- BYD Microelectronics Co., Ltd. (short for BME) exerts the greatest possible effort to ensure high quality and reliability. Nevertheless, semiconductor devices in general can malfunction or fail due to their inherent electrical sensitivity and vulnerability to physical stress. It is the responsibility of the buyer, when utilizing BME products, to comply with the standards of safety in making a safe design for the entire system, including redundancy, fire-prevention measures, and malfunction prevention, to prevent any accidents, fires, or community damage that may ensue. In developing your designs, please ensure that BME products are used within specified operating ranges as set forth in the most recent BME products specifications.
- The BME products listed in this document are intended for usage in general electronics applications (computer, personal equipment, office equipment, measuring equipment, industrial robotics, domestic appliances, etc.). These BME products are neither intended nor warranted for usage in equipment that requires extraordinarily high quality and/or reliability or a malfunction or failure of which may cause loss of human life or bodily injury ("Unintended Usage"). Unintended Usage include atomic energy control instruments, airplane or spaceship instruments, transportation instruments, traffic signal instruments, combustion control instruments, medical instruments, all types of safety devices, etc.. Unintended Usage of BME products listed in this document shall be made at the customer's own risk.